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WEATHER-Utah: Tonight and Saturday Fair; Not Much Change

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FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER. OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 21, 1916.

Russian Forces Capture Turkish Town; Austro-Hungarian Troops in Retreat

BATTLE ON BRITISH LINE CONTINUES WITHOUT ANY INTERMISSION

English Push Forward to Foureaux Wood Where Germans Counter Attack With Intense Bombardment With Gas Shells—Charge on French Lines Fails, Germans Suffer Heavy Losses and Are Driven Back in Disorder-Heavy Artillery Fighting at Verdun-Fierce Fighting on Italian and Eastern Fronts.

Vienna, July, 21, via London, 9:15 p. m.—Under the pressure of attacks by the Russians the Austro-Hungarian forces in the region of the Styr and Lipa rivers, north of the Galician border, have been forced to withdraw to new positions in the region of Berestachk says an official statement issued by the war office today.

Petrograd, July 21.—The capture by Russian troops of the town of Gumuskhaneh, forty-five miles southwest of Trebizond, in Turkish Armenia, was announced today by the

Gumuskhaneh is forty miles northwest of Baiburt, the capture of which was reported by the Petrograd war office on July 16. It is about 50 miles directly north of Erzignan, the objective of the Russian army which recently took Mamakhatun, 50 miles to the west.

The Anglo-French offensive in north-| with many projectiles of large caliber ern France is being vigorously pushed. Driving from Bazentin and Longeuval Bapaume, General Haig's by enemy aviators on July 17, 18 and troops have advanced as far as the 19. Material damage was caused. Foureaux wood. South of the Somme These acts are accepted as meriting the French have been able to hold future reprisals." trenches captured in their drive along a five-mile front on Thursday, withstanding a vigorous counter attack.

to London report the capture by a that the Russian minister of foreign German warship of the American sail- affairs has informed the Turkish goving vessel Prins Valdemar, bound from ernment through the ambasadors of an American port for Sweden with a the United States and Spain that Rus-The British steamers Yzer and ciples of The Hague convention as

Grangemoore, both vessels of some far as Turkish hospital ships are conat more than 3,000 tons are report cerned. ed sunk.

British Push Forward.

of this position subsequently.

The statement says: The battle continues without intermission between the Leipsic re doubt on the west and Delville wood on the east. North of the Bazentin— Longueval line the British advance has been pushed to Foureaux wood

from which we drove the enemy. "During the night the enemy count er attacked after an intense bombardment with gas shells and succeeded in effecting entry into the northern part of the wood, but failed to dislodge us from the southern half. "Elsewhere there is no change."

Germans Lose Heavily.

Paris, July 21, 12 noon-Positions French lines south of Soyecourt but ses or field works. In one of the the war office announced today suffered heavy losses and were driven and four children were killed. back in disorder.

A strong German detachment which nes region was repulsed with the

French penetrated a German trench, clearing it of its defenders.

On the Verdun front the artillery was active on both sides in the vicinity of Chattancourt and Fleury. French aeroplanes successfully bom-

barded stations at Conflaans, Mars-la-Tour, Longueyon and Brieulles. Heavy Counter-Attack. "South of the Somme the enemy ered a counter attack on our new posi-

tions south of Soyecourt. The battal- north. ion which led the assault was caught by our curtain of fire and by our situation is generally quiet." machine guns and was thrown back in disorder after having suffered great "The night was calm on the other

side of the Somme. In the region of Adriatic on July 15, of two sub-Chaulnes a strong detachment of the marines, one of them Italian, by Ausenemy which attempted to approach trian torpedo boats, is announced in cers comprise the crew of the subour lines south of Maucourt was re- an official communication received marine. According to one of the seapulsed with the bayonet. Between here today from Vienna. Soissons and Rheims, northeast of Vendresse a French reconnoitering detachment, assisted by the explosion of a mine, penetrated a trench of a. m.-An imperial ukase orders a the enemy, which was cleard out with special mobilization, for the construcgrenades.

"On the Verdun front there was great activity of the artiflery on both active armies, of the whole male nasides in the sectors of Chattancourt and Fleury.

Violent Bombardment.

"In the Vosges after a violent bombardment an attempt was made without success to storm our positions north of Wirembach.

"On the day of July 20 and during the night of July 20-21, our aeroplane squadrons bombarded several impor-Longueyon and Brieulles and the railroad junction at Ham were bombarded The rioting was especially severe at shows signs of rapidity of construct Captain William McL. Hunter,

Russians Disregard Hague Law. London, July 21, 9:57 a. m.-A Reu-Special despatches from Copenhagen ter's Petrograd correspondent says sia wiil henceforth disregard the prin-

"The undefended village of Baccarat

and Luneville were again bombarded

The Russian hospital ship Portugal was sunk by a submarine in the Black London, July 21, 2:55 p. m.—The sea last March. There were a large British line north of Bazentin and number of wounded on board at the Longueval has been pushed forward in time and 115 lives were lost. It first Foureaux wood, the war office an was stated that the ship had been nounced today. The British drove the sunk by a German submarine but lat-Germans from the wood but lost part er Turkey accepted the responsibility declaring that the ship did not fly the

a transport. On July 9 the Vperiode which took the place of the Portugal was torpedoed and sent to the bottom while on her way to Batum to embark wounded soldiers. The official report of the disaster made no mention of loss of lives, or of the nationality of the sub-

Threaten Air Raids.

Berlin, July 21, 11:25 a. m.—Threats of air raids on open French towns as measures of reprisal, are made in an official statement issued here today.

The statement says that the French airmen have bombarded towns in the captured yesterday by the French Black Forest which are outside the south of the Somme were subected zone of field operations, while the Gerto a vigorous counter attack during man air attacks have been up to now the night. The Germans charged the directed exclusively against fortres-

"We shall now be forced," says the report, "to use our strong battle squad-A strong German detachment that advanced to the attack in the Chaul-advanced to the attack in the Chaul-great number of peaceful French towns outside the zone of field opera-Between Soissons and Rheims the tions are within the reach of our air squadrons."

front is reported in the Austria-Hungarian army headquarter's report of lic exhibition in the Thames. July 20, which says:

"In Volhynian the Germans pushed the enemy yesterday evening deliv- the enemy back west of the Zuini- sign, lay in a naval dock yard on the schooner was taken into Swinemunacz (Svlniusky) lowlands toward the

"In the Italian war theater the

Two Submarines Drown.

Berlin, July 21, by wireless to Sayville.-The destruction in the nothern

Special Mobilization Ordered.

Petrograd, via London, July 21, 1:41 tion of defense works and lines of communication in the region of the population of the province of Astrakhan, Siberia, the Island of Sak halan and Turkistan. The order in-cludes males of from 19 to 43 years, The nomad population are specially exempted

Germans Suppress Riots, Rotterdam, July 21, via London, p. m .- Food riots which broke out in Belgium and northern France have tant points behind the enemy's lines.
The stations at Conflans, Mars-la-Tour tary authorities, according to reports of dents where it struck obstacles Yzer carried a cargo of 27,754 bushreceived here from reliable sources.

"HERO OF THE MARNE" REPORTED TO BE DIRECTING FRENCH FORCES AT VERDUN



General Mangin.

It is reported that General Mangin is directing the operations of the French army on the Verdun battle front. General Mangin has come to be known in France as the "Hero of the Marne." It was through his energy and presence in the midst of his troops that he was able to maintain a counter attack against the Germans in the battle of the Marne, a year ago

Nicholas, Lokern, and Termonde.

Helena, Mont., July 21.-Heavy emigration of Rumanians from Montana. all going east, was reported here to-When asked whether Rumania Red Cross flag and was mistaken for had summoned her reservist men they would not discuss the matter.

German Submarine, One of Latest Prizes of British Navy, Visited by A. P. Correspondent.

U-35 BOAT DESCRIBED

Was on Twentieth Trip and Had Laid Over 200 Mines When Captured by Patrol Boat.

London, July 21.-The German sub Russians Pushed Back.

Berlin, July 21, by wireless to Sayville.—A retirement of the Russians the British navy, was visited by an Associated Press representative today prior to its being placed on pub-

The prize, flying the German naval ensign, surmounted by the British eneast coast. The vesel is designed purely for mine laying. The entire forward part is composed of wells six in number, each containing two powerful mines which can be released by levers. The ship has no torpedo tubes or other armament except small arms for the crew and is only 100 feet

in length. Thirteen bluejackets and five offimen she made prior to her capture 19 trips from her base in Germany to the British coast and laid over 200 mines in routes frequented by merchant vessels. She was on her twentieth trip when she was captured by the British patrol boat.

The sailors said that when the submarine was sighted and chased by a patrol the crew tried to get rid of her remaining mines but had not suffici- bark, according to records here, was ent time. Seeing that capture was inevitable, the officers ordered the abandonment of the ship, destroyed

The hull of the submarine is in in its underwater voyages. The craft

Liege, Verviers, Roubaix, Renaix, St. | tion but appears well fitted for short trips across the North sea. British naval officers pointed out that the mines carried no apparatus for readering them harmless, if they broke cose from their moorings, as required by The Hague convention.

AVIATOR SERIOUSLY INJURED. Mendoza, Argentina, July 20.—Lieu-tenant Berisco, the Uruguay aviator who won the international military aviation race from Buenes Aires to Mendoza, a distance of 645 mlles, was seriously injured today by the fall of machine. He ascended to greet the other competitors in the contest on their arrival, but his aeroplane got out of hand and dropped to the ground. Lieutenant Beriaso suffered broken leg and injuries of

AMERICAN SHIP IS CAPTURED

German Warship Takes Vessel With Cargo of Oil Into Swinemunde.

London, July 21, 8:56 a. m.—The American schooner Prinz Valdemar has been captured by a German war ship while on its way from Philadelphia to Sweden with a cargo of oil according to a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company quoting Copenhagen Politiken. The

The only American schooner of this name which is listed here belongs to George W. McNear of San Francisco. The McNear firm is one of those included in the recent British blacklist.

Shipping records show that the American sailing vessel Prinz Valdemar, a bark, left San Francisco on February 24 for Telleborge, Sweden She did not touch at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 21.-There is no ecord here of an American schooner named Prinz Valdemar said to have sailed from this port for Sweden with a cargo of oil. No sailing vesels have left here recently for Euope with oil. Shipping records show a bark Prinz Valdemar foreign built but under American register. The last reported at San Francisco in No vember, 1915.

abandonment of the ship, destroyed the log and other records and virtual ly demolished the six cylinder Diezel engine of approximately 250 horse power. All of the crew and officers were taken prisoners.

Portland, Me., July 21,—Three Americans, George Ivey of Philadelphia; Richard Nelligan of Boston and Davis Rosseneau of Oldtown, Me., were members of the crew of the Richard Nelligan Philadelphia; Richard Nelligan of Boston and Davis Rosseneau of Oldtown, Me., were members of the crew of the Richard Nelligan Philadelphia; Richard Nelligan of Boston and Davis Rosseneau of Oldtown, Me., were members of the crew o British steamship Yzer, reported to els of oats and was commanded by

SOLDIER CAMPS ARE INSPECTED

Major-General Bliss Finds Excellent State of Health With Sanitary Conditions Good.

MEN WELL SHELTERED

Camp Water Supply System Nearly Completed—Abundand, Excellent and Varied Rations.

Washington, July 21.-Another re port today from Major General Bliss on the condition of national guard camps on the Mexican border said he found the camp at Llano Grande, Donna, Mercedes and Harlingen, Texas, in an excellent state of health with sanitary conditions ranging from good to excellent

The dispatch follows: "Finished inspection of Minnesota and Indiana infantry brigades and two regiments of Nebraska infantry and uxiliary troops from these states, all stationed at Llano Grande and portions of Texas infantry brigade sta-tioned at Donna, Mercedes and Harlingen. With the exception of one Indiana regiment which was in shelter tents, the troops inspected today are comfortably sheltered. The large tents for this regiment are coming by express today.

"Command is in excellent state of tically negligible. Camp water supply system at Llano Grande is nearly completed. The water at all stations aspected is of excellent quality, Sanitary conditions of the camps varied from good to excellent. The conditions of the poorer camps in this respect is being rapidly improved.

by me stated that the rations are been definitely established that the rations are been definitely established.

British stormed the high road, and in both these woods and the fields bequality and of suitable variety. Gen- in his right leg. General Pershing both these woods and the fields between the front and the village of tween the front and the village of as indicated in my previous tele-

General Plummer Transferred. Mercedes, Texas, July 21.-Brigadier-General Edwin P. Plummer, re cently placed in command of troops at Llano Grande, Texas, has been transferred to Nogales, Ariz., and will leave immediately to take charge fo

ADOPT PLATFORM

Party Declares for Nation-wide Prohibition and Equal Suffrage and Opposes Military Programs.

NO WAR WITH MEXICO

Nominating and Seconding Speeches Made and J. Frank Hanley Wins on First

St. Paul, Minn., July 21.-The national Prohibition convention resumed after a brief discussion adopted the platform without serious opposition. By a rising vote the convention included in the platform E. W. Chafin's plank endorsing the initiative, referendum and recall.

The platform of the National Prohibition party, adopted at today's session of the party's convention denounces the liquor traffic as a crime, declares for nation-wide prohibition and equal suffrage and opposes the military programs of the Republican and Democratic parties, but favors constructive platform, which, summarzed, makes the following declara-

Expresses opposition to the 'wasteful military programs of the Demo-cratic and Republican parties." Support would be given a compact among nations to dismantle navies and disband armies, but until such compact is established maintenance of an effecive army and navy and adequate coast defenses are recommended.

Favors reciprocal trade treaties to

Favors national legislation to en courage the establishment of an adejuate fleet of merchant ships. Opposes war with Mexico; pledges aid to the protection of American lives and favors use of force when neces-

Approves strict interpretation of the Monroe doctrine.

oine islands at this time but favors iltimate independence.

be governed by civil service regula in August.

tions applicable to all federal execu-

Uniform Marriage and Divorce. Favors uniform marriage and divorce daws and complete suppression of white slavery.

Declares for prohibition of child labor, approves an eight hour day with one hour rest each day and extension of compensation and liability federal

Opposes "pork barrel" legislation and useless federal expenditures. Favor a single presidential term of

six years Demands public ownership of utili ties to be operated in the Interests of the people Favors public grain elevators, own-

ernment and abolition of speculation on the markets. Favors equitable retirement law for maintenance of superannuated federal

ed and operated by the federal gov-

Aside from a plank declaring in fav or of the initiative, referendum and recall which was agreed upon after a short discussion, the platform was adopted today as originally drawn.

Bandit Chief With 1800 Men Directing Campaign Is Reported to Pershing.

San Antonio, Texas, July 21.—Corro-boration of the reports that Francisco Villa is personally directing a campaign that has for its immediate realth, the sick report being prac object the capture of Torreon was contained in a report from General Pershing to General Funston today.

General Pershing's report was filed esterday at Columbus and appeared to have been written the day before. Information that had reached General Pershing at that time was that Villa with 1,800 men was planning an attack 'All officers and men interviewed on Torreon. He added that it had

No orders have been sent to Gen-

Order States That All Allies of Austria and Hungary Are to Be Treated as Enemies.

Rome, July 20 .- Via Paris, July 21, 12:55 a. m.—A ministerial decree was cial battalions. They wen in with all issued today placing the persons and the courage and pride of a corps of property of Germans on the same foot. six foot guardsmen and the audacity ing of those of Austria and Hungary, of the bantam cock which is their The decree does not directly mention symbol, when it comes to stalking a Germans but stated that allies of Austria are to be treated as enemies and crater they are less exposed than men their subjects and goods are liable to

sequestration.

Prior to the war German property and interests in Italy were estimated ion, which was rushed from the Chamto be worth \$250,000,000. Their value pagne to the Somme the second of now is placed at about \$150,000,000. July, shows that out of 1100 men of There are only a few German subjects one battalion 120 are left and less in Italy now and these will either be than half the men of the other two batplaced in concentration camps or sent across the Swiss border.

Strong Agitation in Italy.

in Italy for some time for the breaking infantry attacks. its work shortly after ten o'clock and off of all relations with Germany The curious situation caused by Italy being at war with Austria while nominally at peace with Germany was emphasized by an agreement between Rome and Berlin wherein all rights of the citizens of one country domiciled in the other were to be respected. On July 16 this agreement was denounced by Italy on the ground it was not being observed by Germany. At the great council of the entente

powers held in Paris last February the Italian representatives were pressed for an explanation as to why Itaaly had not declared war on Germany. On February 29 Italy requisi-tioned 34 German ships which were interned in Italian ports. As a similar action by Portugal had promptly caled forth an ultimatum from Berlin which was followed by a declaration of war, it was confidently expected that the same sequel would collow in regard to Italy. As far as is known, however, Wilhelmstrasse did not even make a protest. If war is now declared Italian troops may be sent to be negotiated with all nations and the western front, according to the commissions appointed to gather expectations expressed in London and under arrest. It was intimated at the

> YELLOWSTONE TRAVEL IS DOUBLED terms.

raffic to and from Yellowstone park the town, to hasten his departure for of a year ago, no less than eleven states baying been represented dur. has thus far been almost double that Cananea states baving been represented dur-ing the past week. During the last Mexican authori few days a number of residents of that the operation of American industhis city have joined the procession, but the majority are planning on making the trip during the first week serted that every possible step to

French Advance to Attack Simultaneously With British -German Trenches Occupied.

GERMANS FROM VERDUN

More Big Guns Brought Up-Great Mortality-Only 120 Left Out of 1100 Battalion.

British Front in France, July 20, 5 p. m., via London, July 21, 2:10 a. m. "The French are attacking." This was the message that the rapid fire of their 75's and the thunders of their heavy guns brought from the valley of the Somme over the hills to the British lines.

While marking time while the British took the second line in front of them, the blue tide of French soldiers on the right of the British khaki advanced at dawn to play their part in the development of the entente allied plans and the people of the towns in the rear had the welcome news at luncheon hour that the soldiers were already in occupation of German trenches north of the Somme and had

gained ground south of the Somme.
Meanwhile, the Australians on a two mile front in the Armentieres-Neuve Chapelle region took part in the biggest trench raid ever undertaken, its extent making it a departure. After cutting the wire by shell fire they rushed the German trenches, doing what damage they could by bombing and hand-to-hand fighting before re

tiring to their own trenches. During the French attack the guns on both sides were untiringly busy Having made Longueval and their Guillemont, the Germans, massing eral Pershing to resume operations fresh forces brought from Verdun against Villa. in the Somme region became endangered, resisted the British with the savage determination not to yield further high ground, which is nothing more than knolls and rolling farmland harrowed by shells and whipped by bullets, whose loss leaves command of

the position to the British. The Germans are still bringing up-guns, presumably from Verdun and from the high woods to the Somme, all day they seemed to be answering the preponderant British fire with all

the power they had.
Among the British troops recently engaged are some units of the "bant ams", England's little men five feet three inches in height and under, whom Lord Kitchener enlisted in spe machine gun, or sniping from a shell

of ordinary stature.
A captured diary from the 190th regiment of the 185th German divistalions. The writer complains that all this loss was suffered without the men really having ever been engaged face to face with the English, they always having been caught by a con-There has ben a strong agitation centration of shell fire, or by flank

UNDER ARREST

General Calles Announces That Mexican Rioters Will Be Severely Punished, Regardless of Position.

Douglas, Ariz., July 21.-Upon re ceiving reports today that the civilian population of Cananea participated in riots coincident with the return of American employes of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company from the border, General P. Elias Calles, military commander of Sonora, issued orders that every disturber be placed Comandancia in Agua Prieta that the leaders, regardless of their positions, would be shot or imprisoned for long

General Calles also ordered Mated Pocatello, Ida., July 20.-The auto Orez, recently appointed president of

> Mexican authorities pointed out eliminate disturbances will be taken